Jumping statements-

There are two types of jumping statements in java as-

Break

Continue

Break statement-

The break statement in java is used to terminate a loop and break the current flow of the program.

Or to jump out of loop.

Syntax-

Jump- statement;

break;

Example-

**package** com.test;

**public** **class** Test {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {

**if** (i ==3) {

**break**;

}

System.***out***.println(i);

}

System.***out***.println("after break....");

}

}

Output-

1

2

after break....

Continue statement-

To jump to the next iteration of the loop, we make use of the continue statement. This statement continues the current flow of the program and skips a part of the code at the specified condition.

Or

It will skip the current iteration and continue with next iteration.

Syntax-

Jump- statement;

continue;

Example-

**package** com.test;

**public** **class** Test {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {

**if** (i == 5) {

**continue**;

}

System.***out***.println(i);

}

}

}

Output-

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10